

STAR THEATER
—TODAY—
Frank Mayo in
"AFRAID TO FIGHT"
A red-blooded drama with a de-
lightful love story. Also a star
comedy.

—WEDNESDAY—
"At the Sign of the Jack O'Lantern"
and a Christie Comedy.

ALBANY-DECATUR DAILY

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS AND UPBUILDING OF ALBANY, ALABAMA, AND DECATUR, ALABAMA.

VOLUME XI

ALBANY, ALABAMA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1922.

NUMBER 45.

DELUXE THEATER
TODAY
Myrtle Reed's thrilling story
"AT THE SIGN OF THE JACK
O'LANTERN"
With Betty Ross Clark and Victor
Potel. You'll enjoy this picture.
Also "It was ever Thus" a Corking
Good Comedy.

—THURSDAY—
The Lovely Billie Dove in
"AT THE STAGE DOOR"

PRESIDENT WILL LAY RAIL SITUATION BEFORE CONGRESS WITHIN NEXT FORTY-EIGHT HOURS

NEW CONTRACT FOR COAL MINERS WILL BE SIGNED TUESDAY ENDING THE STRIKE

Formal Ratification Is Expected At Joint Meeting This Afternoon

PROVIDES SAME WAGE WHEN STRIKE STARTED

Mines of Five States Are Affected By The Agreement

(By Associated Press.)
CLEVELAND, Aug. 15.—Formal ratification of the contract for the settlement of the coal strike will be made this afternoon when soft coal operators meet the miners in joint conference for a final settlement of the fuel strike.

The settlement provides that the miners shall return to work on the same wage scale as when they struck and the treaty will be effective until April 1, 1923. The appointment of an advisory fact finding commission whose duties are to settle further disputes is also provided for in the contract.

The miners of Ohio, West Virginia, Michigan, Pennsylvania, and Indiana with an annual output of sixty million tons are affected.

END OF STRIKE SEEN

(By International News Service.)
CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 15.—The end of the coal strike, as it affects approximately 60,000,000 annual tons in the coal fields in six states, was expected to come today when the full scale committee and the policy committee of the United Mine Workers of America will be asked to ratify a tentative agreement, drawn early this morning by a committee of two union officials and two operators and submitted to the sub-scale committees of both sides.

Neither side would state upon what terms the agreement had been reached but it is understood the wage scale of 1920 is taken as the basis and the check-off and other conditions of that agreement retained.

The only new feature, which the tentative agreement is believed to contain, is a provision for a fact finding commission to investigate the mining industry and make a report. The arbitration clause contained in the agreement, drawn for the original four state conference, is not incorporated in the new instrument.

The states in which mining operations are expected to be resumed within a few days, as a result of the making of the present agreement are: Ohio, Central Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan, each of these states being represented in the re-organized conference which is conducting present negotiations.

Ruins of Ancient City Discovered

(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The ruins of an ancient city of great size and proportions hitherto unknown has been uncovered in Magdalena in the province of Colombia, forty miles from the Caribbean coast, twenty miles south of Santa Marta, according to the South American archeological expedition of the Field Museum of Natural History it was announced here today.

CONDUCTS MEETING

Rev. J. H. Hill is conducting a protracted meeting at Falkville at the Christian church, of which he is pastor. Services are being held only in the evening; the attendance being good, and marked interest being manifested in the services which will last through the week.

COUNT OR NO COUNT
SHE LOVES HIM



Mrs. Edward de Jiminez

PRESIDENT CEASES EFFORTS AT PEACE SPOKESMAN AVERS AFTER CONFERENCE

Senator Watson Says Negotiations Off, So Far As Government Conceded

MAJORITY OF EXECUTIVES IN FAVOR OF MEDIATION

Indiana Solon "Has Reason To Believe" Strike Not Popular

(By International News Service.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—"So far as President Harding is concerned all government negotiations for ending the railroad strike are off" it was declared here today by Senator James Watson of Indiana after he had spent an hour in conference with the President at the White House.

The President feels that he has gone as far as he can," said Watson. Senator Watson said that this in no way affected the direct negotiations between strike leaders and executives now being considered by the union representatives.

"There is also reason to believe," Senator Watson said "that three fourths of the executives of the country favor mediation. Although President Harding has abandoned personal efforts to bring the tie up to an end the administration nevertheless looks with favor and will encourage every effort in bringing about a settlement."

Speaker Gillette also conferred with the President this morning prior to the cabinet meeting. The President did not indicate when he would go to congress according to his callers although he gave the impression that it would be the last of the week.

BIG FOUR ACTIVE

(By International News Service.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Another thrust toward peace in the critical railroad strike was being made today.

The peace move was being engineered by the Big Four with the sanction of the President.

Harris slept soundly the greater part of the night. Just before he entered the death cell he called those who had remained around him and told them, "to vote the democratic ticket in the November election." These were his last words.

TWO MEN PAY THE DEATH PENALTY

(By International News Service.)
NASHVILLE, Aug. 15.—James McElroy, white "Holly Roller" preacher of Rockwood and Austin Harris, negro of Jackson were electrocuted here this morning at the state penitentiary.

The death of the two alleged murderers brought the toll of the electric chair to eleven for the past six months and is a new record in the state.

The white man who shot and killed a Roane county merchant, who had refused him credit, because the Lord told him to, maintained the same silence that had characterized him since being brought to the prison. Only once, last night, did he break down on the occasion of a fellow prisoner from his home country, singing.

Harris slept soundly the greater part of the night. Just before he entered the death cell he called those who had remained around him and told them, "to vote the democratic ticket in the November election." These were his last words.

MEMPHIS CARMEN VOTE TO STRIKE

(By International News Service.)
MEMPHIS, Aug. 15.—Following the decision of a board of arbitrators the street car conductors and motormen of Memphis voted to strike at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning. The men, with the exception of thirteen, voted to surrender their union charter and quit work.

The strike will tie up all transportation in Memphis with the exception of jitneys."

Grand Jury At Work In Morgan

The circuit court, Judge R. C. Brickell presiding, got down to business shortly after 10 o'clock Monday morning, and the docket set for trial that day was sounded. Proper showing being made a number of cases set for trial that day were continued to a future session of the court. Court adjourned at 2:30 o'clock until 9 a.m. today.

The grand jury was assembled, and an able charge was given by Judge Brickell. A large number of witnesses are being brought before this inquisitorial body today. L. O. Waldsmith of Hartsville is foreman.

MAY OFFER PROTECTION

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—President Harding, having abandoned all efforts towards mediation of the rail strike, was declared today by his advisers to have virtually decided to inform railway executives that in the operation of trains that they will be

(Continued on Page 2)

Big Four Men At Memphis Delay Their Walkout

(By International News Service.)
MEMPHIS, Aug. 15.—The threatened walkout of engineers, firemen and switchmen in railway yards at Memphis scheduled to take place at 8 a.m. today was delayed when instructions were received from the Big Four to get further data on defective machinery before quitting.

Twenty-five hundred men were affected.

CRAFTSMEN HOLD REGULAR MEET AT PRINCESS THEATER

The fire at the Masonic Theatre made it necessary for the rail strikers to move their meeting place from that Theatre, and by the courtesy of its manager, H. B. Cagle, they met at the Princess this morning. In opening the meeting the chairman stated that until the insurance matter was adjusted at the Masonic the meetings would be held at the Princess. He spoke at length in appreciation of Mr. Cagle's kindness and warned the men to be very careful in the use of the building.

Following a song service, an earnest prayer was offered by Rev. T. B. Harwell. The Publicity committee report was made which included a letter from the Secretary of the L. & N. system federation, in which attention was called to the condition of the rolling stock on the system.

Frank Lewis reported in behalf of the relief committee and took occasion to express thanks for the voluntary donations made since yesterday.

The Pickett committee reported favorably stating that at last the information was becoming general that under the federal injunction peaceful picketing was allowed, although the number of picket posts were limited to the number of points of ingress and egress. The speech of E. R. Roper dealt with conditions in Mobile. The meeting closed with prayer by T. F. Lewis.

(Signed) H. C. HUTCHISON Chairman Press Committee

RAIN NEEDED BY MORGAN FARMERS

Rain, which has threatened in the Tennessee Valley for the past several days has failed to arrive. The time has arrived according to farmers over the country when a rain is absolutely needed, and much damage will result unless it should be forthcoming at no distant day.

Much of the corn which was late in planting on account of the inability to prepare the land and plant on account of the extreme wet prevailing, will fail to mature unless good seasons prevail from this time.

There is a compensation pointed out by the planters though, in the fact that the dry weather has done much to assist in fighting the boll weevil, whose damage thus far has been negligible, compared with what was feared this season. A more intelligent effort was manifested this season in fighting this pest than in former years, and to this timely effort, the splendid results now visible are in a large measure due.

On one farm near here the owner has just baled over 500 bales of fine clover hay, and has it safe in the barn. It is said that there is more clover hay in evidence now than for several years here.

WEATHER

For Alabama—Cloudy tonight and Wednesday, probably showers on the coast.

JERVIS FOUNDRY IS PHYSICIAN FOR ALL INDUSTRIAL PLANTS IN VALLEY SECTION

Owner Visualizes Possibilities of Development Of The Tennessee River

WOULD ENLARGE BOAT LINES ON BIG STREAM

Tells of Early History of One Of Biggest Local Industries

(By J. E. Blair)

The office of the Jervis Foundry and Machine shop in Decatur furnishes a splendid vantage point from which to see the Tennessee river and to visualize its possibilities.

Mr. Jervis, the president of this company, that does so much steamboat repair work, declared that his business would grow by leaps and bounds, the moment navigation was opened through the Muscle Shoals section of the Tennessee, so as to allow steamers to ply from above Chattanooga to the Ohio. "I know the Bond Brothers for whom I do a lot of work have in mind the establishing of a large barge line the moment Mr. Ford, or the government opens the river to navigation."

He declared that such steamers as the "Sonny Boy" and the "Troxell" boats on which his men work would advance in value rapidly if projected Tennessee river improvements were actually accomplished.

One of the Oldest of the Old In 1887, an unmarried quick stepping young man landed in Decatur. He turned out to be one of the "boomers" of that day who stuck and made good. His name was A. D. Jervis, president of the above named concern, of the Ice Factory Company of the box and basket factory, and a director of the Morgan County Building & Loan of the Alabama Brick and Tile Company, and of The City National Bank. Mr. Jervis said he had just enough money to put him in Decatur from Cincinnati, where he had worked at the machinist's trade since his landing in America from Wales in 1880.

"My brother, J. D. Jervis, gave me a job, and later helped me start our first machine shop which was located near our present buildings. One day as I was working away, a tall man named Long, asked me what I was doing, and upon receiving my reply, asked why could he not go in with me as he had some machine shop machinery. I told him his ideas suited me but I did not know he meant business until a few days afterwards I received a wire from him at Cincinnati, saying himself and family and his machinery were due in Decatur in two days time."

"For nine years Mr. Long and myself did business as equal partners without a scratch of a pen as to a contract and we never quarreled. "We were both too busy."

But finally Mr. Long wished to move on, so I bought him out." Mr. Jervis said since 1897 he had been operating under the firm name of A. D. Jervis and Company—adding "The Company means my wife to whom I am deeply indebted."

"In 1898, we added a foundry to the machine shop already in operation. One of your most valuable assets are the hundreds of patterns we have stored away and ready at a moment's notice. In case we are asked to make castings for any of our partners for fifty miles around we already have the patterns. "I suppose if these patterns had to be replaced, it would cost close to \$10,000 to do it."

Among the patterns noticed were those for the large "over-shot" water wheels used still in rural communities, a number used in repairs for the American Oak Extract Company just up the river, a lot of Saw Mill machinery patterns, patterns for the

LADY BOOKMAKER MAKES HIT IN ENGLAND



Mrs. Vernay

(By International News Service.)

Washington, Aug. 15.—President Harding will lay the railroad

situation before congress and before the people within 48 hours, it was announced officially at the White House this afternoon, following the cabinet meeting.

Accompanying the announcement that the President would go to congress either tomorrow or Thursday was the frank statement that he was not yet prepared to state what he will ask of the legislative branch of government.

A grant of broad powers to enable the President to take over the railroads, in the event of a complete breakdown in transportation, is one of the possibilities of the situation, but no comment was forthcoming from the white house on that particular phase of it.

It would be quite impossible for President Harding to indicate his intentions or forecast his recommendations at this time, it was said at the white house, because the strike situation is fluctuating so rapidly that conditions may be entirely different by the time he actually gets to congress.

The impression was drawn at the white house this afternoon that developments within the next 48 hours will largely determine the character of the President's message.

In deciding to go before congress President Harding informed visitors today of his belief that it is only by this step that he can play fair with the congress and the country.

Only one thing in relation to the message to congress has been definitely determined, it was said, and that is that the whole story as the President has learned it in three weeks of almost constant negotiations with both sides, will be told fully.

President Harding does not regard his going to congress as in any way interfering with any attempts to settle the controversy between the railroads and the employees themselves. Such pacific endeavors, it was said, are to be encouraged.

Detour On Bee Line Road Necessary

(By Associated Press.)

JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 15.—Forty thousand women were among the hundred and seventy-five thousand voters going to the polls today in the state to say which of the three candidates shall occupy the seat in the United States Senate which Senator John Sharp Williams relinquishes next March after a twelve year occupancy.

Former Senator Vardaman, Hubert Stephens and Belle Kearney are the three candidates in the race for the office.

SILENCE BROKEN

(By International News Service.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Leaders of the striking railway shopmen today broke the silence they have maintained since receiving President Harding's latest proposal to end the strike, by making public their letter of rejection and by issuing a statement denouncing the reply of the railway executives.

The statement of the shopmen was signed by Bert M. Jewell, head of the railway employees department of the American Federation of Labor.

"The Association of Railroad Executives has again declined to accept the President's proposal," Jewell declared. "They have not even agreed to permit all employees now on strike to return to work."

The railroad management apparently intends to be a court, judge and jury for the trial and conviction of those employees who they do not intend shall return to work."

The strikers' letter to the President was a flat rejection of his proposal that they return to work pending adjustment of the question of seniority rights by the railway board.

They pointed out that on July 31,

(Continued on Page 4)

CHIEF EXECUTIVE IS NOT YET AGREED ON RECOMMENDATIONS WILL MAKE SOLONS

He Is Not Yet Prepared to State Just What He Will Ask

GRANT OF BROAD POWER MAY BE SOUGHT BY HIM

New Developments Will Largely Determine Character of The Message

(By International News Service.)

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WE FAVOR ACCEPTANCE OF HENRY FORD'S BID FOR MUSCLE SHOALS.

EVIDENCE DEVOID OF POLITICAL SENTIMENT.

Often times in the past when evidence has been introduced against the liquor traffic, those who would have liked to refute it, have had to content themselves by saying that prohibition was just a political foot ball, pure and simple. And often times the most profound arguments against the use of liquor have been put down as only propaganda, intended to bear fruit for the benefit of some few selfishly interested individuals. When the emotions have been appealed to to destroy liquor too often the opponents of prohibition have said, that such appeals were unfair and sensational.

There is one source of information that none can criticize or doubt, namely the life tables of the insurance companies. And to use a very popular phrase just now—"they happen" to be strongly against the use of whiskey and kindred drinks.

Nobody would charge the insurance companies with any other motive and concern than those of purely business nature. Those companies are not worrying about the moral or religious aspects of prohibition, what they are interested in, is to prolong the lives of their policy holders. There is no sentiment of a political nature in what the life insurance companies have to say about the evils of intemperance. In fact they have very little to say—they just present the facts as to the longevity of total abstainers occasional drinkers, and drunkards. Between the years from 1866 to 1910 an old line insurance company of England shows that even moderate drinkers had a mortality record of 37 per cent above the total abstainers. In this country the most notable test as to the killing ability of whiskey, was made by what is known as the Medicco-Actuarial investigation, covering the period between 1885 and 1908. It is stated that in order to make this test perfectly fair all persons who had a bad family health record or were known to be physically unfit were excluded, and the following result was shown:

First, those who were accepted as standard lives, but whose histories showed occasional alcoholic excess in the past. The mortality in this group was fifty per cent in excess of the mortality among insured lives in general, equivalent to a reduction of over four years in the average lifetime of the group.

Second, individuals who took two glasses of beer, or a glass of whisky, or their alcoholic equivalent, each day. In this group the mortality was 18 percent in excess of the average.

Third, men who indulged more freely than the preceding group, but who were considered acceptable as standard insured "risks." In this group the mortality was 86 percent in excess of the average.

PROPOSED NEW TARIFF MEANS HIGH PRICES FOR GLOVES.

Another attack has been made on the proposed Republican tariff, by the New York Herald, a paper always considered of strongly Republican leanings. That newspaper has taken up the Fordney-McCumber Tariff bill, with special reference to its provisions for an import tax on men's and women's gloves. Women voters will be interested to know that whereas the Underwood tariff bill now the law of the land places a tariff of \$2.00 a dozen on ladies' gloves the McCumber bill, if passed as it now reads, will place a tax of twice the Underwood tariff on the same gloves; and men's gloves under the same bill will bear a tariff tax of \$5.00 a dozen.

The Payne-Aldrich bill put a tariff of \$3.00 a dozen on gloves, the Dingley tariff \$3.00; while the McKinley tariff on gloves was \$3.25 a dozen.

It is pointed out by The Herald, that while the proposed tax on gloves is the highest ever sought that there is a still more damaging provision in the bill concerning gloves. A clause of the McCumber bill is quoted as saying "provided the rate of duty is not less than 60 percent or more than 70 percent ad valorem, which means that under no circumstances can the rate fall below and \$4.00 contemplated. But as the duty is fixed 'ad valorem,' it must follow that if the value of French money rises, we will be paying much more than a tax of \$4.00 a dozen. It is pointed out by the Herald, that should the French mark rise from its present exchange value of about 9 cents, to its normal value 19.30 cents, the price of gloves to American importers and hence to American consumers could go up accordingly.

It is claimed that gloves at the present standing of a French frank, nine cents, would cost 150 francs in Paris or \$12.50—but when the frank gets back to normal value gloves costing 150 francs in Paris would be worth \$28.95 in our money. Then with the 60 percent provision coming in the duty of gloves would rise to \$17.37 according to the Herald figures. And another consideration is that an American glove maker is going to consider his American made gloves one

cent less valuable than imported gloves, consequently he will raise the price of his gloves to what foreign made gloves sell at. Again using the figures of the New York Herald it is quite possible for American women to pay as high as \$1.54 duty on every pair of imported gloves she wears. If the Fordney-McCumber tariff should become a law, according to the Herald the wearing of gloves in the future will become quite a distinction except among the very well off.

WHEN AUTUMN COMES.

When the Autumn moon looks down on vale and hill, and the shimmering lances of mellow light go darting into the deep recesses of the woodland, out where the cricket calls, and where the hoot-hoot of the wise owl is heard, the most melancholy time of nature is peying. It is beautiful over field and woodland to go out on an evening like this, and drink in the melancholy stillness, shrouded in colors of sombre hue, telling in almost audible tones that summer has gone, and winter is peeping through the bare limbs of the trees which soon are to be wrapped in nature's cold.

We are creatures of variety. After spending three months indoors, when outside the shrill winds are shrieking through the cracks and crannies of every available entrance unbidden, we long for the warmth of a summer sun, when the great invitation is given to come out into the open and enjoy the great contrast, "for Spring would be but dreary weather if—". The last of the outings are now being held, and little gathering of this character are being brought to a close, for soon there must be a return to more sterner duties. But, there will be carried with those who thus enjoyed, a memory of them, which the mind will feast upon while the sterner realities of life are engaging our attention. It is well that we have the contrasts, for in this great provision we are made to enjoy each period with a zest, and treasure up the memory of each occasion to feast upon in the future.

THOSE FALL APPLES.

In many of the orchards of this country there is now a hard apple. To those who are looking for good fruit to eat, they pass this one by. It is distinctly a Fall apple. By that we mean an apple which does not get ripe until the nights get cold, and frost is in the air. These apples grow usually to large proportions. They are then carefully picked and placed away in the attics usually, or some convenient place, to be eaten when the appetite calls. These have a delicious flavor, and rarely ever get mellowed until sometime after they are picked. When the mellowing process is complete, there comes from the receptacle where they are packed, such tempting odors that the palate is at once made ready for the eating. They are grainy, and possess all the flavor of a really perfect apple. It is generally with great pride that this fruit is brought out when visitors come, and they are bidden to partake. The memory of them is lasting, and one who has ever partaken of these apples gathered in the fall and placed away to mellow, never forget the deliciousness of them, and they are always on the alert for more of that particular kind. Speaking of good things to eat on one of these farms where provision is made to take care of such things as nature so lavishly bestows from year to year, can be seen in the pantries well prepared awaiting the time when winter with his "hoary lock and breath" comes, a tempting array of good things prepared by the good woman of the home, and carefully looked after and guarded as if it was a treasure, and in a way it is.

In just two more weeks the schools of the country will begin another term. How fast the time has flown. The vacation period is over, and the mind must now take up its task of storing again useful information. The entire body has been energized from the period spent in the great outdoors and is ready for the indoor work. Teachers and scholars alike will return fresh and determined to take up and carry forward where the duties were left off. It is a great epoch in the life of the great army of young people who annually enter the institutions of learning of the country, and upon the faithful execution of the time and their talent, depends the record which will be made the coming term. Many enter with the will to make the very best possible.

EUROPE IS STILL WRANGLING OVER ITS WAR DEBTS.

Diplomats are not given to plain speaking and for some reason or other we would expect it least of all from a Japanese diplomat, but Baron Hayashi, Japanese representative at the meeting of allied statesmen in London, wittily observed, "I think the single object of the allies should be to get all the money possible."

He treated the first laughter of an otherwise gloomy session. Perhaps his hearers found his remark all the more amusing because it struck shrewdly at the real reason why the allies have been able to agree on no definite program to settle Europe's post-war problems.

A great howl would go up at the suggestion, but in the long run European nations, and the world in general, might be better off if they quit scheming to collect the last farthing or franc for war damages, wipe the slate clean, or as clean as they can make it without inviting bankruptcy, and make a fresh start.

It looks now as if the nations of Europe would be burdened for generations by war debts, while paying out huge sums of money in preparation for the next war. If they could get war out of their minds and hearts and face the future, determined to solve all their financial problems by hard work, it would not be necessary to call repeated conferences of diplomats which accomplish nothing.

The recuperative powers of nations is extraordinary. If France never collected another gold mark from Germany, and if none of the other war claims were settled, does anyone believe that the nations concerned would cease to exist? Certainly not. As long as a nation retains its virility, not even fire and the sword can destroy it. On the contrary, many a nation has achieved greatness in hardship and adversity.

Eventually, Europe may decide, as the best way out, to pocket her war losses. As a business venture the World War was not a success, viewed from any angle.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

New York Letter

by Lucy Jeanne Price

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Ludlow Street jail is having a new sensation in housing a woman prisoner. That is the jail known as the "Alimony Club," the place where husbands are sent for contempt of court, when the contempt consists in neglecting to pay their alimony on the dot. Mrs. Fallani Mariani has established the fact that a woman, too, can err in matrimonial affairs to the extent of landing in Ludlow Street. It wasn't too little attention to her own matrimonial bonds that got her there, though. It was too much attention to other people's. When Mrs. Benfante heard her fellow - country - woman quoted as explaining that Mr. Benfante was her soul-mate, it seemed time to act. The judge paid the accused siren the tribute of placing her bail at \$1,500 on the charge of alienation of affections. Mr. Benfante was willing to put up his property as security but—irony! Mrs. Benfante had a dower right in it all and wouldn't let him. So there is the alienator in Ludlow jail.

that more than a million children and 800,000 adults are receiving meals daily from the organization and urges a continuation of the American relief work, and expansion of it, so that the salvation of the people, so well begun, may be carried out.

GAL 2-N Y LETTER

An Italian modiste almost held up traffic the other day when her liner docked here. All because of a garter. But such a garter! Pink and plush, it was, and wide, and adorned with mother-of-pearl. And it held the stocking just two and one half inches below the knee. More than that, it is so much "the thing" on the other side that we have her word for it, we've got to adopt it here. Maybe it is just as well that long skirts have arrived definitely and at last.

It is to be another season of mystery plays, we are told. The theatrical producers are just finding out what it is that holds the American heart most tensely, after all.

Amusement

AT THE STAGE DOOR

DELITE THURSDAY

Depicting a vivid picture of stage life, "At the Stage Door," a new R-C Picture, represents the directorial genius of William Christy Cabanne at its absolute best. His most recent subject opens an engagement at the Delite theater Thursday. Not only did Mr. Cabanne produce "At the Stage Door," but he also wrote the story, revealing a keen insight into the tinsel world behind the curtains and the footlights where Fate goes hand in hand with Romance and Adventure. The story has to do with the experiences of a country girl who goes to New York and gets a job in the chorus. The cast is composed of many well-known players, including Billie Dove, famous beauty of the Ziegfeld Follies and at present appearing in "Sally"; Elizabeth North, of the Greenwich Village Follies; Miriam Battista, Frances Hels, Margaret Foster, Willie Collier, Jr., C. Elliott Griffin, Myrtle Maughan, Charles Craig, Viva Ogden, Billy Quirk, Huntly Gordon and Doris Eaton.

PRINCESS WEDNESDAY

What is declared to be one of the most remarkable photoplays of the season will be shown at the Princess Theatre when "Kazan," adapted from James Oliver Curwood's thrilling narrative of the same name, opens an engagement of one day beginning Wednesday. It is a William N. Seig production with Jane Novak in the leading role, supported by Ben Deeley, William Ryno, Ben Haggerty and Edwin Wallock. The story was adapted for the screen and directed by Bertram Bracken. It is a gripping tale of a great male mute dog named "Kazan," who becomes a killer following the murder of his master. He is the enemy of all mankind until he comes into contact with beautiful Jean Radisson, who befriends him and sets him free from his brutal surroundings. He joins a wolf pack, becomes its leader, and has an opportunity while leading the pack to show his appreciation to the one who befriended him when the wolves swoop down on the girl and a marauding through the wilds of the great snow country. He fights off the pack in what is said to be one of the most thrilling scenes ever pictured. Twice more he saves this same girl, but on these occasions it is from a human wolf. He also visits a terrible revenge upon the slayer of his master. In his faithfulness to his own mate Kazan sets an example for a man and a girl to follow. The story, which ran in the Cosmopolitan Magazine, is one of the most charming and popular of James Oliver Curwood's works. In its picturization Bracken is said to have caught Curwood's inimitable spirit and understanding of the northland and accomplished a screen masterpiece.

They are playing football in Russia. I don't know when anything has sounded more amazingly cheerful. We had heard that the Relief Committee working there was getting the famine under control, but we hadn't supposed they had done anything so remarkable as getting people back at games—and such a robust game as football. In his faithfulness to his own mate Kazan sets an example for a man and a girl to follow. The story, which ran in the Cosmopolitan Magazine, is one of the most charming and popular of James Oliver Curwood's works. In its picturization Bracken is said to have caught Curwood's inimitable spirit and understanding of the northland and accomplished a screen masterpiece.

Glass Eggs for Dad Singers. Friend of ours has discovered a new use for worn-out electric light bulbs. They are excellent, he says, to break up nocturnal feline concerts. One flung out of the window will, with the resultant explosion, scatter the performers and insure peace for the night.—Boston Transcript.

Knowledge Well Worth Its Cost. Knowledge will not be acquired without pains and application. It is troublesome and deep digging for pure waters, but when once you come to the spring, they rise up and meet you.—Felton.

President Ceases Efforts In Peace

(Continued From Page 1.)

given full protection and aid of the government.

The president, it was stated, was determined that the only course the government could now pursue was the path followed in the coal strike, that of extending an invitation to the coal operators to operate all properties with the co-operation of the states in which they operated and the aid of the Federal government to stand behind them in their efforts to serve the general public.

Killarney Falls To Nationalists

(By Associated Press.)

DUBLIN, Aug. 15.—Killarney, the last position of importance occupied by Irish irregulars in the county of Kerry, has been taken by national army troops.

MASON'S MEET

Rising Sun Lodge No. 29 A. F. & A. M. will meet tonight at 7 o'clock for work in the E. A. & F. C. degrees, all masons cordially invited to attend.

(Adv.) Aug. 15-16. GEO. F. BELL. W. M.

Common Sense About Eczema and Eruptions!

Here's Something About S. S. That You'll Be Glad to Hear.

You might just as well know it right now—the cause of skin eruptions, pimples, blackheads, boils and so on, right in the blood. There is no getting away from it. Science has proved it. We prove it. You can prove it. When the cause of skin troubles and eruptions is in the blood, it is com-

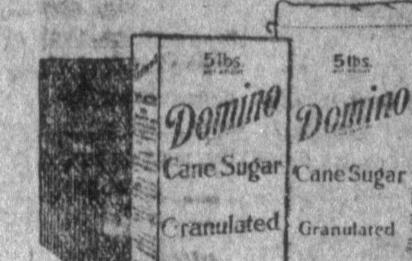


Let S. S. Give You An Angelic Skin! men seem to simply treat the skin, A bottle of S. S. will prove to you what is happening in your blood. S.S. is a scientific blood cleanser—it drives out the impurities which cause eczema, tetter, rash, pimpls, boils, acne, and other skin eruptions. When these impurities are driven out, you can't stop several very nice things from happening. Your lips turn naturally rosy. Your eyes sparkle, your complexion clears. It makes you look fifteen. Your face looks like that of a prosperous, ruddy, well-fed, refined gentleman, or if you are a woman, your complexion becomes the real kind that the whole world so admires. S.S. is also a powerful blood purifier. It helps to build new and more blood cells. That's why it fills out sunken cheeks, bony necks, thin limbs, helps regain lost flesh. It costs 15¢ to have this happen to you. S. S. is sold at all drug stores, in two sizes. The larger size is the more economical.

If there is only one grain of sugar in a room—a fly will find it!

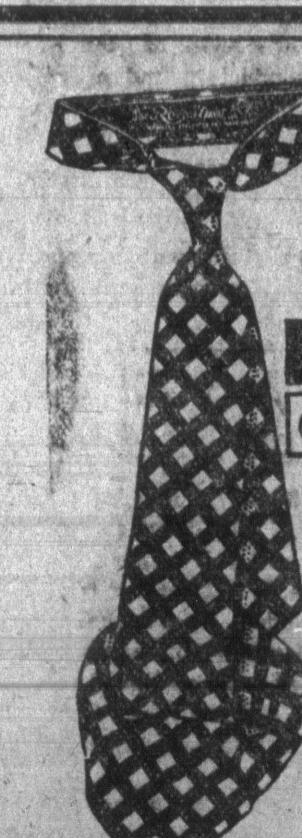
In hot, sticky weather exposed sugar attracts swarms of flies. You can't protect yourself from this menace if you buy exposed sugar, because sugar can't be washed or cleaned. You have to eat it just as it is, germs, dirt and all.

Why take this chance? Buy sugar that is always clean, pure and protected—Domino Package Sugars. These clean cane sugars are weighed, packed and sealed by machine. They are never exposed on the way from our refinery to your home.



American Sugar Refining Company
"Sweeten it with Domino"

Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown, Golden Syrup, Cinnamon and Sugar, Sugar-Honey, Molasses



LONDON CHECKERS

TRADE MARK
HORN
NEW YORK
Reviva
REGISTERED
The Gravat that Comes Back over Night.

WOODWARD & DOWDY

HOME-MAKING HELPS*"Everything About the Home Helps to Make the Home"*

By WANDA BARTON

Some Table Talks to Interest Tiny Tots.

NE of the greatest opportunities we mothers have to give our wee ones object lessons, foods, geography and fun is at the family table, preferably at the luncheon table, because then oftentimes the mother and children are alone.

As the food is served, a carefully thought-out little talk may be given by another. Questions may be allowed to make the talk seem more like a story, and the points thus gained remain in your visitors' memories longer. In most unexpected ways do they then when they get it in for them when they can apply these facts already familiar to them, to the theories they learn at school.

For instance, the common potato takes us to Ireland, where there is a lot of talk of habita, customs and folk-lore, fairies, superstitions, fisherman's boats with red sails, and the good nature said to come to those who kiss the blarney stone.

Or we may go with the potato to Bermuda, and after a wonderful trip we may get lost among lilies and onions, where the onions are in the "grocer's basket just around the corner, my dear."

Of course, the big, fat baked sweet potato may come from any one of our southern states, where it grows near the cotton the negroes pick while singing plantation songs, or from their little grandchildren tales of old slavery days, cornbread and meat, possum, and sheets of wonderful tobacco leaves drying for curing.

The codfish creamed in the dish comes from waters around Prince Edward's Island, and the codfish industry makes a wonderful story of how the women spend hours and hours salting the fish for market, so that we may have it on our tables. The men who work the flour in our bread take us into the big western region of the United States, where there are most fascinating stories to be gathered.

Oranges and grapefruit will lead in divers directions. "Would you be scared, Richard, if you were sitting under a tree with sweet-smelling blossoms and a big grapefruit should drop into your lap, just missing the top of your head?" This makes a fine start for a story of alligator swamps, coral reefs and a dozen and one interesting things which might happen a little way from the wonderland grapefruit tree in Florida, and as story material it is an endless field. It has to do with olives, raisins, both fresh and canned fruit, including big peaches and melons as yellow inside "as sunbeams curlicues."

The great big river that almost divides the United States in half has a story for nearly every ripple. The old river packets bring cotton up the river in bales on the mules. "May I have a piece of cotton?" is a made out of a piece of cotton that came up on the old "Spiral Eagle," who knows? Anyway, we may be sure that the little fat red bananas came up the river in boats, and also the catfish, from which famous steaks and chowders are made. Oranges, paw-paws and yellow plums may also have come on boats with big paddle wheels at the back instead of on each side like ferries.

We mothers, busy with our own concerns, sometimes get mentally lazy and find it easier to depend upon reading fairies and other stories books than to do some creative work, which is too valuable in thought-building possibilities to be neglected. Idle minds accomplish but little, and idle hands are soon busy with mischievous things, but a mind filled with facts carefully and interestingly absorbed has a fund of ideas to work with.

MIZPAH CHAPTER

Number 19 O. E. S. will meet in regular session this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

MRS. R. G. MCCLURE.

Statesman's Advice.

We should do nothing inconsistent with the spirit and genius of our institutions. We should do nothing for revenge, but everything for security; nothing for the past, everything for the present and the future.—James A. Garfield.

History Moves on Wheels.

From the ancient days of dinosaur-drawn stone cart until the present time the history of civilization has been the history of transportation.

A Letter

Chicago, Aug. 5, 1922.

Mr. S. A. Moses,
217 Johnston St.
Albany, Ala.

My dear Moses:

During the past year we have been printing in our monthly paper, "The Hardy Messenger" what we have called an "Old Timer's Column" with letters from those who have dealt with us for a very considerable period.

We are writing you because of the fact that it has been called to our attention that you have continuously dealt with us for considerably over thirty years.

We take pride in this because it speaks well for our service as to Accuracy, Quality and Promptness particularly because your orders to us have always been for the highest class of goods that we carry and manufacture.

We want, at this time, to thank you for your continued patronage, and to express the hope that you will be with us for many years to come.

Yours very truly,

F. A. HARDY & COMPANY,
Edward E. Swadener,
Vice-President.

Advertisement A-15-16-18.

**SAUERS Self-Rising FLOUR**

SMEMBER what keen delight you used to take in making frequent trips to Mother's cookie jar? Between meals, for your school lunch, at meal time—how good they tasted! Sauers Self-Rising is the ideal flour for making delicious, wholesome cookies, cakes and muffins. Your grocer sells it.

J. H. CALVIN CO., Distributors
Albany, Ala.**SOCIETY NEWS**

Margaret C. Shelton—Phone Decatur 352.

PERSONALS

Roy Rhinehart left this morning for Tuscaloosa, where he will be the guest of his brother.

Robert Bryant who was operated on at the hospital several days ago is doing remarkably well.

Elmer Lloyd is attending a family reunion at Pulaski, Tenn.

M. S. Bingham has returned from a business trip to Atlanta.

Grover Graves, cashier of the First National Bank of Hartselle, is in the city on business today.

I. J. Kent of Hartselle is in the city today.

Charles M. Dinsmore of Falkville is here today looking after business matters.

James Dinsmore of Falkville is a visitor today.

Nat A. Key of Gandies Cove, one of that section's foremost planters is here today.

Dr. Will S. Bean of Falkville, R. F. D. No. 1, is here attending the session of court. Dr. Bean is a J. P. in his section, and holds down the office with dignity and ability.

Hardie Harris of Hartselle is among the visitors here today.

Ed Harris, keeper of the county farm is here today on business.

E. E. Adams, popular employee of the Decatur Drug Company is at the Benevolent Hospital following an operation for appendicitis Monday night. Mr. Adams is reported to be resting well.

J. W. Hodges is suffering an attack of malaria.

Edward Felix Nelson has returned home after a three years foreign service in the U. S. Army.

"Rock of Ages, Cleft for Me."

"Rock of Ages," hymn by Augustus Montague Toplady, was first printed in 1770, and has since become one of the most popular of all Christian hymns. It has been translated into over three hundred languages. Toplady was inspired to write the hymn when he found refuge from a thunder storm in a cleft rock. The rock was located in Blagdon parish, England.

No Tears.

A woman of many years of married life, giving advice to a young bride, dwelt particularly upon tears. The first time she sheds them "he" will be stricken with remorse, the second time he will be uncomfortable, the third he will think her a nuisance, and the fourth he will go out and bang the door. Evidently there is no place for tears in married life.

Man With Backbone Wins.

The man who has no backbone is the weakling in business, shiffted and shunted about by everyone with whom he comes in contact. But the man who has backbone is not trod upon—he is the one whose aggressiveness makes him successful and wins him respect.—Exchange.

Christopher Columbus' Big Crop.

The American sugar crop, which now goes all over the world, was planted by Christopher Columbus. On his second trip to this country he planted the sugar cane at Santo Domingo. It was the first crop to be grown in the new world and one which has grown each year.

Somerville News

Time is the test of truth. And Doan's Kidney Pills have stood the test in Decatur. No Decatur resident who suffers backache, or annoying urinary ill can remain unconvinced by this twice-told testimony.

Mrs. J. L. Rose, 425 E. Pond St., Decatur, says: "After I did a hard day's work, especially washing, my back hurt severely across my kidneys. Mornings I was so stiff and sore, it took a lot of effort to get out of bed. I had seen Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and decided to try them. After using Doan's, I had no more of the trouble and I am glad to recommend this remedy to any one suffering from kidney trouble." (Statement given March 16, 1914.)

On February 7, 1922, Mrs. Rose said: "I have used Doan's for attacks of kidney trouble since recommending them and they have always been reliable. Occasional use of Doan's keeps my kidneys in the best condition and I am glad to confirm my former statement." Advertisement.

Mrs. Forrest Echols visited Mrs. Skeggs Johnston on Friday.

Mrs. Novel Miller, Blanche Winton, Mildred Hough, Lurline Wade were among those attending the ball game at Cains Saturday.

Misses Novel Miller, Blanche Winton, Mildred Hough, Lurline Wade were among those attending the ball game at Cains Saturday.

Mrs. W. B. Shackelford has returned from a stay in Vinemont, Ala.

Miss Clara Bryant is visiting relatives in Anniston, Ala.

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